## **CLAIMS**

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1. In a system for presenting an audio stimulus having an input, an amplifier, an
2	attenuator and a transducer, a method of predicting a sound pressure level emitted by the
3	transducer comprising:
4	applying a broadband audio signal to the input;
5	inserting a first attenuation between the amplifier and the transducer;
6	measuring a first output from the transducer;
7	calculating a first transfer function for a signal path from the input to the measured first
8	output;
9	inserting a second attenuation between the amplifier and the transducer;
10	measuring a second output from the transducer;
11	calculating a second transfer function for a signal path from the input to the measured
12	second output;
13	combining the first and second transfer functions to solve for a characteristic impedance
14	and sensitivity of the transducer;
15	calculating a sound pressure level emitted by the transducer as a function of input signal
16	and attenuation.

1 2. The method of claim 1 further comprising measuring the broadband audio signal applied at the input simultaneously with measuring the first and second outputs from the transducer.

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- The method of claim 2 wherein the first and second transfer functions are 3.
- calculated as respective ratios of the first and second measured outputs to the corresponding 2
- measured inputs. 3
- The method of claim 3 wherein each of the first and second transfer functions is 1 4.
- expressed as a product of an amplifier transfer function, an attenuator transfer function, an 2
- electrical-to-acoustical transfer function and an acoustical-to-electrical transfer function. 3
- 5. The method of claim 4 wherein the characteristic impedance of the transducer is 1
- calculated as: 2

$$Z_{L}(f) = \frac{H_{BD}(f, R_{I}, A, Z_{L}) \times R_{I} - H_{BD}(f, R_{2}, A, Z_{L}) \times R_{2}}{H_{BD}(f, R_{2}, A, Z_{L}) - H_{BD}(f, R_{I}, A, Z_{L})}.$$

6. The method of claim 5 wherein the sensitivity of the transducer is calculated as:

$$A(f) = \frac{H_{BD}(f, R_I, A, Z_L) \times [Z_L(f) + R_I]}{H_{AMP}(f) H_{A2E}(f) \sqrt{Z_L(f)}}.$$

7. The method of claim 6 wherein the sound pressure level is calculated as: 1

$$2 \qquad 20\log_{10}\left(\sqrt{\frac{\sum_{f}\left|Y_{X}(f)\bullet H_{D2E}(f)\bullet H_{BD}(f,R_{1},A,Z_{L})\bullet \frac{H_{ATTN}(f,R_{A},Z_{L})\right|^{2}}{H_{ATTN}(f,R_{1},Z_{L})}}\times \frac{1}{H_{A2E}(f)\bullet p_{0}}\right).$$

$$2 \quad 10\log_{10}\left(\frac{\sum_{f}\left|Y_{X}(f)\bullet H_{D2E}(f)\bullet H_{BD}(f,R_{1},A,Z_{L})\bullet \frac{H_{ATTN}(f,R_{A},Z_{L})}{H_{ATTN}(f,R_{1},Z_{L})}\right|^{2}}{\sum_{f}\left|Y_{XREF}(f)\bullet H_{D2E}(f)\bullet H_{BD}(f,R_{1},A,Z_{L})\right|^{2}}\right)+N.$$

1 9. The method of claim 6 wherein the sound pressure level is calculated as:

$$2 \qquad 20\log_{10} \left( \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{f} \left| Y_{X}(f) \bullet H_{D2E}(f) \bullet H_{BD}(f, R_{1}, A, Z_{L}) \bullet \frac{H_{ATTN}(f, R_{A}, Z_{L})}{H_{ATTN}(f, R_{1}, Z_{L})}} \bullet H_{A-W}(f) \right)^{2}} \times \frac{1}{H_{A2E}(f) \bullet p_{0}} \right).$$

1 10. The method of claim 6 wherein the sound pressure level is calculated as:

$$2 \quad 10 \log_{10} \left( \frac{\sum_{f} \left| Y_{X}(f) \bullet H_{D2E}(f) \bullet H_{BD}(f, R_{1}, A, Z_{L}) \bullet \frac{H_{ATTN}(f, R_{A}, Z_{L})}{H_{ATTN}(f, R_{1}, Z_{L})} \bullet H_{A-W}(f) \right|^{2}}{\sum_{f} \left| Y_{XREF}(f) \bullet H_{D2E}(f) \bullet H_{BD}(f, R_{1}, A, Z_{L}) \right|^{2}} \right) + N.$$

- 1 11. The method of claim 1 wherein the transducer is an acoustic transducer.
- 1 12. The method of claim 1 wherein the transducer is a vibratory transducer.
- 1 13. The method of claim 1 wherein the transducer is characterized by a transfer
- 2 function and further comprising inserting an inverse filter to equalize the transducer transfer
- 3 function.

- 1 14. The method of claim 1 wherein the attenuator is characterized by a transfer
- 2 function and further comprising inserting an inverse filter to equalize the attenuator transfer
- 3 function.
- 1 15. The method of claim 1 wherein the solution for the characteristic impedance of
- 2 the transducer is expressed as a function of frequency.
- 1 16. The method of claim 1 wherein the solution for the sensitivity of the transducer is
- 2 expressed as a function of frequency.